

Fuzzy Logic Toolbox™ Release Notes



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Fuzzy Logic Toolbox™ Release Notes

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R2016a

Bug Fixes

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Bug Fixes

Bug Fixes

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Bug Fixes

No New Features or Changes

No New Features or Changes

No New Features or Changes

R2011b

No New Features or Changes

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No New Features or Changes

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No New Features or Changes

R2010a

No New Features or Changes

R2009b

No New Features or Changes

R2009a

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No New Features or Changes

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No New Features or Changes

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No New Features or Changes

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No New Features or Changes

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No New Features or Changes

R2022a

Version: 2.9

New Features

Bug Fixes

Linear Saturation Membership Functions: Implement fuzzy variables with maximum membership at the extremes of the universe of discourse

You can now create fuzzy systems that use the following piecewise-linear saturation membership functions.

- `linzmf` — Linear version of the `zmf` membership function
- `linsmf` — Linear version of the `smf` membership function

You can use these membership functions when:

- Creating type-1 fuzzy systems at the command line. For more information, see `mamfis`, `sugfis`, and `fismf`.
- Creating type-2 fuzzy systems at the command line. For more information, see `mamfistype2`, `sugfistype2`, and `fismftype2`.
- Interactively creating fuzzy systems using **Fuzzy Logic Designer**.
- Tuning fuzzy system parameters using `tunefis` or **Neuro-Fuzzy Designer**.
- Generating code using MATLAB® Coder™ or Simulink® Coder.
- Deploying fuzzy systems using MATLAB Compiler™.

New Examples: Design fuzzy inference systems to explain the behavior of black-box models

The following new examples show how to tune a fuzzy inference system to explain the behavior of black-box models.

- “Explain Black-Box Model Using Fuzzy Support System”
- “Explainable Fuzzy Support System for Black-Box Model of Robot Obstacle Avoidance”

R2021b

Version: 2.8.2

New Features

Bug Fixes

Version History

plotfis Function: Visualize FIS tree structure

You can now visualize the component FIS objects and connections within a `fistree` object using the `plotfis` function.

Version History

Previously, `plotfis` displayed a summary of the FIS tree properties in the MATLAB Command Window. This information is no longer available in the Command Window when using `plotfis`.

To access information about the FIS tree components, inputs, outputs, and connections, access the properties of the `fistree` object using dot notation.

FIS Trees: Specify names for fistree objects

To distinguish between FIS trees, you can now specify names for `fistree` objects using the new `Name` property.

New Example: Design fuzzy logic controller for artificial pancreas

The Design Controller for Artificial Pancreas Using Fuzzy Logic example shows how to design and tune a FIS tree that controls insulin infusion for type-1 diabetes.

R2021a

Version: 2.8.1

Bug Fixes

R2020b

Version: 2.8

New Features

Bug Fixes

ANFIS Training: Algorithm implementation converted to MATLAB code

The ANFIS training algorithm is now implemented using MATLAB code. Previously, the training algorithm was implemented as a C MEX file application.

The new ANFIS implementation displays the training error and step size increases in the MATLAB Command Window after each training epoch. Previously, the training data for all epochs was displayed in the Command Window at the end of training.

The new implementation can also reduce training time for some training configurations and platforms.

R2020a

Version: 2.7

New Features

Bug Fixes

K-Fold Cross Validation: Prevent overfitting of tuned fuzzy inference system parameters

You can now prevent overfitting of your fuzzy inference system (FIS) parameters to your training data by using k-fold cross validation. K-fold validation randomly partitions your training data into k subsets of approximately equal size. The function then performs k training-validation iterations. For each iteration, one data subset is used as validation data with the remaining $k-1$ subsets used as training data.

Each training-validation iteration ends when the ratio between the increase in validation cost and the current minimum validation cost exceeds a specified tolerance value.

For an example that tunes FIS parameters using k-fold cross validation, see [FIS Parameter Optimization with K-fold Cross Validation](#). For more information on tuning fuzzy inference systems, see [tunefis](#) and [tunefisOptions](#).

R2019b

Version: 2.6

New Features

Bug Fixes

Version History

Interval Type-2 Fuzzy Inference Systems: Create, simulate, tune, and deploy fuzzy systems with additional membership function uncertainty

Fuzzy Logic Toolbox software now supports interval type-2 fuzzy inference systems (FISs). For any value in the universe of discourse, a traditional type-1 membership function has a single membership value. In type-2 membership functions, the degree of membership can have a range of values, which introduces additional uncertainty into the FIS.

For more information, see [Type-2 Fuzzy Inference Systems](#).

Functionality Being Removed or Changed

Support for representing fuzzy inference systems as structures will be removed

Warns

Support for representing fuzzy inference systems as structures will be removed in a future release. Use `mamfis` and `sugfis` objects instead. There are differences between these representations that require updates to your code. These differences include:

- Object property names that differ from the corresponding structure fields
- Objects that store text data as strings rather than as character vectors

Also, all Fuzzy Logic Toolbox functions that accepted or returned fuzzy inference systems as structures now accept and return either `mamfis` or `sugfis` objects.

Update Code

To convert existing fuzzy inference system structures to objects, use the `convertfis` function.

This table shows some examples of how to update your code to use the new object property names.

If your code has this form	Use this code instead
<code>fis.andMethod</code>	<code>fis.AndMethod</code>
<code>fis.aggMethod</code>	<code>fis.AggregationMethod</code>
<code>fis.input(1).name</code>	<code>fis.Inputs(1).Name</code>
<code>fis.output(1).mf(1).params</code>	<code>fis.Outputs(1).MembershipFunctions(1).Parameters</code>

R2019a

Version: 2.5

New Features

Bug Fixes

Fuzzy Trees: Implement complex fuzzy inference systems as collections of interconnected FIS objects

You can now create a tree of interconnected fuzzy inference systems. To create a fuzzy tree, create a `fistree` object, specifying the component fuzzy inference systems and their interconnections. For more information, see Fuzzy Trees.

To evaluate fuzzy trees for specific input combinations, use the `evalfis` function.

Fuzzy System Tuning: Tune rules and parameters of fuzzy inference systems and fuzzy trees to satisfy cost functions

You can now tune the rules and parameters of a fuzzy system to satisfy input/output data or a cost function. You can tune the parameters of fuzzy inference systems (`mamfis` and `sugfis` objects) and fuzzy trees (`fistree` object).

Using the `tunefis` function, you can tune the parameters of a fuzzy system, learn new fuzzy rules, or both. You can tune your fuzzy system using any of the following methods. The first four methods require Global Optimization Toolbox software.

- Genetic algorithms
- Particle swarm optimization
- Simulated annealing
- Pattern search
- ANFIS

The ANFIS method supports only parameter tuning. The other tuning methods support both parameter tuning and rule learning.

R2018b

Version: 2.4

New Features

Bug Fixes

Version History

Code Generation: Generate C and C++ code to load and evaluate fuzzy inference systems

You can now generate code for loading and evaluating a fuzzy inference system (FIS) using MATLAB Coder. The following existing functions now support code generation:

- `evalfis`
- `evalfisOptions`
- Built-in membership functions, such as `gaussmf` and `trimf`

For an example, see [Generate Code for Fuzzy System Using MATLAB Coder](#).

Code generation using MATLAB Coder does not support the new FIS objects, `mamfis` and `sugfis`. To create a homogeneous FIS structure for code generation, use the new `getFISCodeGenerationData`.

Code generation using MATLAB Coder replaces the standalone C-code fuzzy inference engine. For more information, see “Support for deploying fuzzy systems using standalone C-code fuzzy inference engine will be removed” on page 8-10.

Improved Fuzzy Inference System Architecture: Implement fuzzy systems using objects with improved error handling

The Fuzzy Logic Toolbox now represents fuzzy inference systems using objects. These objects provide improved error handling over the previous structure-based representation.

The following table shows the new objects for representing a fuzzy inference system (FIS). The function for creating each object has the same name as the corresponding object.

Object	Description
<code>mamfis</code>	Mamdani FIS
<code>sugfis</code>	Sugeno FIS
<code>fisvar</code>	Input or output variable
<code>fismf</code>	Membership function
<code>fisrule</code>	Fuzzy rule

In addition to new objects, the improved FIS architecture includes several new functions for configuring fuzzy systems.

Function	Description
<code>addInput</code> and <code>addOutput</code>	Add input and output variables to a FIS (replaces <code>addvar</code>)
<code>removeInput</code> and <code>removeOutput</code>	Remove input and output variables from a FIS (replaces <code>rmvar</code>)
<code>removeMF</code>	Remove a membership function from an input or output variable in a FIS (replaces <code>rmmf</code>)

Function	Description
convertToSugeno	Convert a Mamdani FIS to a Sugeno FIS (replaces mam2sug)
convertToStruct	Convert a mamfis or sugfis object to a structure
update	Update the fields of a manually created fisrule object based on a given FIS

Version History

The improved FIS architecture introduces several compatibility considerations that require updates to your code. For more information on how to update your code to use fuzzy inference system objects in general, see “Support for representing fuzzy inference systems as structures will be removed” on page 8-4.

Several functions have changes in behavior or will be removed in a future release, as indicated in the following table.

Function	More Information
newfis	“newfis will be removed” on page 8-4
parsrule	“parsrule will be removed” on page 8-5
addvar	“addvar will be removed” on page 8-5
rmvar	“rmvar will be removed” on page 8-6
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getfis	“getfis will be removed” on page 8-6
setfis	“setfis will be removed” on page 8-7
mf2mf	“mf2mf will be removed” on page 8-7
mam2sug	“mam2sug will be removed” on page 8-8
showfis	“showfis will be removed” on page 8-8
evalfis	“evalfis input argument order has changed” on page 8-8
evalmf	“evalmf now takes a fismf object as an input argument” on page 8-9
addmf	“addmf is now addMF and its function syntax has changed” on page 8-9
addrule	“addrule is now addRule” on page 8-10
writefis	“writefis is now writeFIS” on page 8-10

evalfis Function: Obtain intermediate rule firing strengths when evaluating fuzzy systems

You can now obtain intermediate rule firing strengths when evaluating a fuzzy inference system using evalfis. The rule firing strengths are obtained by applying the fuzzy operator to the values of the fuzzified inputs.

addRule Function: Specify rules using linguistic and symbolic expressions

The `addRule` function now supports adding rules to a fuzzy system using linguistic and symbolic expressions. This `addRule` functionality replaces the equivalent `parseRule` functionality. For more information, see “`parseRule` will be removed” on page 8-5.

Functionality Being Removed or Changed

Support for representing fuzzy inference systems as structures will be removed

Still runs

Support for representing fuzzy inference systems as structures will be removed in a future release. Use `mamfis` and `sugfis` objects instead. There are differences between these representations that require updates to your code. These differences include:

- Object property names that differ from the corresponding structure fields
- Objects that store text data as strings rather than as character vectors

Also, all Fuzzy Logic Toolbox functions that accepted or returned fuzzy inference systems as structures now accept and return either `mamfis` or `sugfis` objects.

Update Code

To convert existing fuzzy inference system structures to objects, use the `convertfis` function.

This table shows some examples of how to update your code to use the new object property names.

If your code has this form:	Use this code instead:
<code>fis.andMethod</code>	<code>fis.AndMethod</code>
<code>fis.aggMethod</code>	<code>fis.AggregationMethod</code>
<code>fis.input(1).name</code>	<code>fis.Inputs(1).Name</code>
<code>fis.output(1).mf(1).params</code>	<code>fis.Outputs(1).MembershipFunctions(1).Parameters</code>

newfis will be removed

Still runs

`newfis` will be removed in a future release. Use `mamfis` or `sugfis` instead. There are differences between these functions that require updates to your code.

To create a Mamdani or Sugeno FIS, use `mamfis` or `sugfis`, respectively.

Update Code

This table shows some typical usages of `newfis` for creating fuzzy systems and how to update your code to use `mamfis` or `sugfis` instead.

If your code has this form:	Use this code instead:
<code>fis = newfis(name)</code>	<code>fis = mamfis('Name',name)</code>
<code>fis = newfis(name,'FISType','mamdani')</code>	<code>fis = mamfis('Name',name)</code>
<code>fis = newfis(name,'FISType','sugeno')</code>	<code>fis = sugfis('Name',name)</code>

If your code has this form:	Use this code instead:
<pre> fis = newfis(name,... 'FISType','mamdani',... 'AndMethod','prod') </pre>	<pre> fis = mamfis('Name',name,... 'AndMethod','prod') </pre>
<pre> fis = newfis(name,... 'FISType','sugeno',... 'OrMethod','probor') </pre>	<pre> fis = sugfis('Name',name,... 'OrMethod','probor') </pre>

parsrule will be removed

Still runs

`parsrule` will be removed in a future release. Use `addRule` instead.

Update Code

If you previously added rules using linguistic or symbolic expressions with `parsrule`, you can specify rules using the same expressions with `addRule`. `addRule` automatically detects the format of the strings or character vectors in your rule list. Therefore, it is no longer necessary to specify the rule format. To add a rule list using `addRule`, use the following command:

```

fis = addRule(fis,rules);

```

Previously, you could add rules using indexed expressions with `parsrule`.

```

rule1 = "1 2, 1 4 (1) : 1";
rule2 = "-1 1, 3 2 (1) : 1";
rules = [rule1 rule2];
fis = parsrule(fis,rules,'Format','indexed');

```

Now, specify these rules using arrays of indices.

```

rule1 = [1 2 1 4 1 1];
rule2 = [-1 1 3 2 1 1];
rules = [rule1; rule2];
fis = addRule(fis,rules);

```

If you previously specified rules using the 'Language' name-value pair argument with `parsrule`, this functionality has been removed and there is no replacement. Specify your rules using `addRule` with a different rule format.

Previously, `parsrule` replaced the entire rule list in your fuzzy system. `addRule` appends your specified rules to the rule list.

addvar will be removed

Still runs

`addvar` will be removed in a future release. Use `addInput` or `addOutput` instead. There are differences between these functions that require updates to your code.

To add input or output variables to a fuzzy system, use `addInput` or `addOutput`, respectively.

Update Code

This table shows some typical usages of `addvar` and how to update your code to use `addInput` or `addOutput` instead.

If your code has this form:	Use this code instead:
<code>fis = addvar(fis,'input',... 'service',[0 10])</code>	<code>fis = addInput(fis,[0 10],... 'Name',"service")</code>
<code>fis = addvar(fis,'output',... 'tip',[0 30])</code>	<code>fis = addOutput(fis,[0 30],... 'Name',"tip")</code>

rmvar will be removed

Still runs

rmvar will be removed in a future release. Use removeInput or removeOutput instead. There are differences between these functions that require updates to your code.

To remove input or output variables from a fuzzy system, use removeInput or removeOutput, respectively.

Update Code

This table shows some typical usages of rmvar and how to update your code to use removeInput or removeOutput instead. Previously, you specified the index of the variable that you wanted to remove. Now, to remove a variable, specify the variable name.

If your code has this form:	Use this code instead:
<code>fis = rmvar(fis,'input',1)</code>	<code>fis = removeInput(fis,"service")</code>
<code>fis = rmvar(fis,'output',1)</code>	<code>fis = removeOutput(fis,"tip")</code>

Previously, you had to delete any rules from your fuzzy system that contained the variable you wanted to remove. removeInput and removeOutput automatically remove these variables from the rule set of your fuzzy system.

rmmf will be removed

Still runs

rmmf will be removed in a future release. Use removeMF instead. There are differences between these functions that require updates to your code.

Update Code

The following table shows some typical usages of rmmf and how to update your code to use removeMF instead. Previously, you specified the index of the variable from which you wanted to remove the membership function and the index of the membership function that you wanted to remove. Now, to remove a membership function, specify the variable name and the membership function name.

If your code has this form:	Use this code instead:
<code>fis = rmmf(fis,'input',1,'mf',1)</code>	<code>fis = removeMF(fis,"service","poor")</code>
<code>fis = rmmf(fis,'output',1,'mf',1)</code>	<code>fis = removeMF(fis,"tip","cheap")</code>

Previously, you had to delete any references to a membership function you wanted to remove from the rule set. removeMF automatically removes these references from the rule set of your fuzzy system.

getfis will be removed

Still runs

`getfis` will be removed in a future release. Access fuzzy inference system properties using dot notation instead. There are differences between these approaches that require updates to your code.

Update Code

This table shows some typical usages of `getfis` for accessing fuzzy inference system properties and how to update your code to use dot notation instead.

If your code has this form:	Use this code instead:
<code>get(fis, 'andmethod')</code>	<code>fis.AndMethod</code>
<code>getfis(fis, 'input', 1)</code>	<code>fis.Inputs(1)</code>
<code>getfis(fis, 'input', 1, 'name')</code>	<code>fis.Inputs(1).Name</code>
<code>getfis(fis, 'input', 2, 'mf', 1)</code>	<code>fis.Inputs(2).MembershipFunctions(1)</code>
<code>getfis(fis, 'input', 2, 'mf', 1, ... params)</code>	<code>fis.Inputs(2).MembershipFunctions(1).Parameters</code>

Previously, fuzzy inference systems were represented as structures. Now, fuzzy inference systems are represented as objects. Fuzzy inference system object properties have different names than the corresponding structure fields. For more information on fuzzy inference system objects, see `mamfis` and `sugfis`.

setfis will be removed

Still runs

`setfis` will be removed in a future release. Set fuzzy inference system properties using dot notation instead. There are differences between these approaches that require updates to your code.

Update Code

This table shows some typical usages of `setfis` for setting fuzzy inference system properties and how to update your code to use dot notation instead.

If your code has this form:	Use this code instead:
<code>fis = setfis(fis, 'andmethod', 'prod')</code>	<code>fis.AndMethod = 'prod'</code>
<code>fis = setfis(fis, 'input', 1, ... 'name', 'service')</code>	<code>fis.Inputs(1).Name = "service"</code>
<code>fis = setfis(fis, 'input', 2, ... 'mf', 1, ... params, [5 10 15])</code>	<code>fis.Inputs(2).MembershipFunctions(1).Parameters = ... [5 10 15]</code>

Previously, fuzzy inference systems were represented as structures. Now, fuzzy inference systems are represented as objects. Fuzzy inference system object properties have different names than the corresponding structure fields. For more information on fuzzy inference system objects, see `mamfis` and `sugfis`.

mf2mf will be removed

Still runs

`mf2mf` will be removed in a future release. Convert membership functions using dot notation on `fismf` objects instead. There are differences between these approaches that require updates to your code.

Update Code

Previously, to change the type of a membership function in a fuzzy inference system, you converted the parameters using `mf2mf`.

```
fis = readfis('tipper');
oldType = fis.input(1).mf(1).type;
oldParams = fis.input(1).mf(1).params;
fis.input(1).mf(1).type = newType;
fis.input(1).mf(1).params = mf2mf(oldParams,oldType,newType);
```

Now, when you change the type of membership function, the parameters are converted automatically.

```
fis = readfis('tipper');
fis.Inputs(1).MembershipFunctions(1).Type = newType;
```

Previously, membership functions were represented as structures within a fuzzy inference system structure. Now, membership functions are represented as `fismf` objects within `mamfis` and `sugfis` objects. For more information on fuzzy inference system objects, see `mamfis` and `sugfis`.

mam2sug will be removed

Still runs

`mam2sug` will be removed in a future release. Use `convertToSugeno` instead. To update your code, change the function name from `mam2sug` to `convertToSugeno`. The syntaxes are equivalent.

showfis will be removed

Still runs

`showfis` will be removed in a future release. View the properties of your FIS directly instead.

Previously, you could view the properties of your fuzzy system, `myFIS`, using the `showfis` function.

```
showfis(myFIS)
```

Now, you can view the properties directly instead.

```
myFIS
```

To view additional FIS properties, use dot notation. For example, view information about the membership functions of the first input variable.

```
myFIS.Inputs(1).MembershipFunctions
```

For more information on fuzzy inference systems and their properties, see `mamfis` and `sugfis`.

evalfis input argument order has changed

Behavior change

The order of input arguments for `evalfis` has changed, which requires updates to your code.

Update Code

Previously, to evaluate a fuzzy inference system, `fis`, you specified the input variable values, `input`, as the first input argument. For example:

```
output = evalfis(input,fis);
output = evalfis(input,fis,options);
```

Update your code to specify the fuzzy inference system as the first input argument. For example:

```
output = evalfis(fis,input);  
output = evalfis(fis,input,options);
```

evalmf now takes a fismf object as an input argument

Behavior change

evalmf now takes a fismf object as an input argument rather than the type and parameters of the membership function. Also, you can now evaluate multiple membership functions by passing an array of fismf objects to evalmf. There are differences between these approaches that require updates to your code.

Update Code

Previously, you evaluated a membership function for given input values, *x*, by specifying the type of membership function, *type*, and the membership functions parameters, *params*.

```
y = evalmf(x,params,type);
```

Update your code to first create a fismf object, *mf*. Then, pass this object to evalmf.

```
mf = fismf(type,params);  
y = evalmf(mf,x);
```

Also, previously, to evaluate multiple membership functions you called evalmf once for each membership function.

```
y1 = evalmf(x,params1,type1);  
y2 = evalmf(x,params2,type2);  
y3 = evalmf(x,params3,type3);
```

Now, you can evaluate multiple membership functions by passing an array of fismf objects to evalmf.

```
mf1 = fismf(type1,params1);  
mf2 = fismf(type2,params2);  
mf3 = fismf(type3,params3);  
y = evalmf([mf1 mf2 mf3],x);
```

Here, *y* = [y1 y2 y3]';

addmf is now addMF and its function syntax has changed

Behavior change

The name and behavior of the addmf function has changed. Now:

- addmf is addMF
- You specify the variable to which you want to add the membership function by name rather than by index.
- You specify the name of the membership function using a name-value pair argument.

These changes require updates to your code. For more information, see addMF.

Update Code

The following table shows some typical usages of `addmf` for adding membership functions to fuzzy variables and how to update your code. In this table, `fis` is a fuzzy inference system with two inputs, `service` and `food`, and one output, `tip`.

If your code has this form:	Use this code instead:
<code>fis = addmf(fis,'input',1,... 'poor',... 'gaussmf',[1.5 0])</code>	<code>fis = addMF(fis,"service",... "gaussmf",[1.5 0], 'Name',"poor")</code>
<code>fis = addmf(fis,'input',2,... 'rancid',... 'trapmf',[-2 0 1 3])</code>	<code>fis = addMF(fis,"food",... "trapmf",[-2 0 1 3],... 'Name',"rancid")</code>
<code>fis = addmf(fis,'output',1,... 'cheap',... 'trimf',[0 5 10])</code>	<code>fis = addMF(fis,"tip",... "trimf",[0 5 10],... 'Name',"cheap")</code>

addrule is now addRule

Behavior change

`addrule` is now `addRule`. To update your code, change the function name from `addrule` to `addRule`. The syntaxes are equivalent. For more information see `addRule`.

writefis is now writeFIS

Behavior change

`writefis` is now `writeFIS`. To update your code, change the function name from `writefis` to `writeFIS`. The syntaxes are equivalent. For more information, see `writefis`.

Support for deploying fuzzy systems using standalone C-code fuzzy inference engine will be removed

Still runs

Support for deploying fuzzy systems using a standalone C-code fuzzy inference engine will be removed in a future release. Generate code using MATLAB Coder or Simulink Coder instead.

For more information on:

- Code generation in MATLAB and Simulink, see [Deploy Fuzzy Inference Systems](#).
- The standalone inference engine, see [Fuzzy Inference Engine](#) in the R2018a documentation.

R2018a

Version: 2.3.1

New Features

Bug Fixes

Version History

Fuzzy Logic Controller Block: Troubleshoot FIS evaluation using new diagnostic messages

The Fuzzy Logic Controller block now reports potential problems that can produce unexpected output values during a simulation. The block generates diagnostic messages for the following conditions:

- Input values outside of their specified variable ranges
- No rules fired for a given output at the current input values
- Empty output fuzzy sets

You can specify whether these diagnostic messages are reported as warnings, reported as errors, or ignored.

For more information, see Fuzzy Logic Controller.

New evalfisOptions Option Set: Specify options for evaluating fuzzy systems

You can now specify options for evaluating fuzzy systems at the command line using the new `evalfisOptions` option set. Using this option set, you can specify:

- The number of sample points to use when evaluating output fuzzy sets.
- Whether diagnostic messages for potential problems are reported as warnings, reported as errors, or ignored.

For more information, see `evalfisOptions` and `evalfis`.

Version History

Previously, when evaluating a FIS using `evalfis`, you specified the number of sample points in output fuzzy sets using the optional input argument `numPts`.

```
output = evalfis(fis,input,numPts);
```

Starting in R2018a, modify your code to use an `evalfisOptions` option set.

```
opt = evalfisOptions('NumSamplePoints',numPts);  
output = evalfis(fis,input,opt);
```

evalfis Function: New diagnostic message behavior

You can now control how the `evalfis` function reports potential problems that can produce unexpected output values during a simulation. The function generates diagnostic messages for the following conditions:

- Input values outside of their specified variable ranges
- No rules fired for a given output at the current input values
- Empty output fuzzy sets

You can specify whether these diagnostic messages are reported as warnings, reported as errors, or ignored. To do so, specify the corresponding options in an `evalfisOptions` option set.

For more information, see `evalfisOptions` and `evalfis`.

Version History

Previously, the `evalfis` function had the following behaviors for diagnostic conditions.

Diagnostic Condition	Previous Behavior
Input values outside of their specified variable ranges	MATLAB warning
No rules fired for a given output at the current input values	MATLAB Command Window message
Empty output fuzzy sets	MATLAB Command Window message

Starting in R2018a, these diagnostic conditions are reported as MATLAB warnings by default. You can change this behavior by specifying the corresponding options in an `evalfisOptions` option set.

evalfis Function: Intermediate fuzzy inference outputs for Sugeno systems analogous to outputs for Mamdani systems

When evaluating a Sugeno system using the following syntax, the intermediate fuzzy inference results are now analogous to the intermediate results for Mamdani systems.

```
[output, fuzzifiedInputs, ruleOutputs, aggregatedOutput] = evalfis(input, fis);
```

For a Sugeno system:

- `ruleOutputs` now returns an array that contains the scalar output value for each rule; that is, the product of the rule firing strength and the rule output level.
- `aggregatedOutput` now returns the sum of all the rule output values for each output variable.

For more information, see `evalfis`.

Version History

Previously, for a Sugeno fuzzy system:

- `ruleOutputs` returned an array that contained the output level for each rule.
- `aggregatedOutput` returned an array that contained the firing strength for each rule.

Starting in R2018a, if your code returns intermediate fuzzy inference results when evaluating a Sugeno system using `evalfis`, modify your code to use the new `ruleOutputs` and `aggregatedOutput` results.

Functionality being removed or changed

Functionality	Result	Use This Instead	Compatibility Considerations
<pre>output = evalfis(input, fis, numPts);</pre>	Still works	<pre>opt = evalfisOptions('NumSamplePoints', numPts); output = evalfis(input, fis, opt);</pre>	To specify the number of sample points for output fuzzy sets, use an <code>evalfisOptions</code> option set. For more information, see “New <code>evalfisOptions</code> Option Set: Specify options for evaluating fuzzy systems” on page 9-2.
Diagnostic messages when evaluating fuzzy systems using <code>evalfis</code>	Still works	Not applicable	By default, diagnostic messages are now reported as warnings. To change this behavior, specify the corresponding options in an <code>evalfisOptions</code> option set. For more information see, “ <code>evalfis</code> Function: New diagnostic message behavior” on page 9-2.
<pre>[output, fuzzifiedInputs, ruleOutputs, aggregatedOutput] = evalfis(input, fis)</pre> when evaluating Sugeno systems	Still works	Not applicable	The behaviors of the <code>ruleOutputs</code> and <code>aggregatedOutput</code> argument of <code>evalfis</code> have changed for evaluating Sugeno systems. For more information, see “ <code>evalfis</code> Function: Intermediate fuzzy inference outputs for Sugeno systems analogous to outputs for Mamdani systems” on page 9-3.

R2017b

Version: 2.3

New Features

Bug Fixes

Code Generation Improvements: Generate code for single and fixed-point data types, and custom membership and inference functions

The Fuzzy Logic Controller block now supports code generation for fuzzy systems using:

- Single-precision data.
- Fixed-point data. To generate code for fixed-point data, you need Fixed-Point Designer™ software.
- Custom membership functions and custom inference functions. For more information on specifying custom functions for a fuzzy system, see [Build Fuzzy Systems Using Custom Functions](#).

You can generate code using either Simulink Coder or Simulink PLC Coder™ software.

PLC Deployment: Generate IEC 61131-3 Structured Text from fuzzy logic controllers

The Fuzzy Logic Controller block now supports generation of IEC 61131-3 Structured Text for PLC deployment using Simulink PLC Coder software.

Fuzzy Logic Controller Block Improvements: Configure additional block parameters, and access intermediate fuzzy inference results

For the Fuzzy Logic Controller block, you can now:

- Use a double-precision, single-precision, or fixed-point data type.
- Specify the number of sample points for evaluating the output range of a Mamdani system.
- Access intermediate fuzzy inference results using new optional output ports.

For more information, see [Fuzzy Logic Controller](#).

evalfis Command: Evaluate FIS output variable ranges over a smaller number of sample points

You can now specify the number of sample points for evaluating the output range of a Mamdani fuzzy inference system at the command line as any value greater than 1. Previously, the minimum value was 101.

This change applies to the:

- numPts input argument of `evalfis`.
- NumSamplePoints property of `gensurfOptions`.

R2017a

Version: 2.2.25

New Features

Bug Fixes

Version History

Unified genfis Command: Generate fuzzy inference system structures using a single command

The commands for generating the structure of a fuzzy inference system have been unified into a single `genfis` command, which you configure using a new `genfisOptions` option set.

Starting in R2017a, to generate a FIS structure, first create a default `genfisOptions` option set, specifying one of the following structure generation algorithms:

- Grid partitioning


```
opt = genfisOptions('GridPartition');
```
- Subtractive clustering


```
opt = genfisOptions('SubtractiveClustering');
```
- Fuzzy c-means clustering


```
opt = genfisOptions('FCMClustering');
```

You can then modify the options using dot notation. Any options you do not modify remain at their default values.

Version History

Previously, to generate FIS structures, you used the `genfis1`, `genfis2`, or `genfis3` commands with optional input arguments.

These commands may be removed in a future release and, starting in R2017a, using these commands generates a warning. If your code uses `genfis1`, `genfis2`, or `genfis3`, modify the code to use the `genfis` command, specifying options using a `genfisOptions` option set.

Algorithm	Old Syntax	New Syntax
Grid partitioning	<code>fis = genfis1(data,... numMFs,... inmfype,... outmfype)</code>	<code>opt = genfisOptions('GridPartition'); opt.NumMembershipFunctions = numMFs; opt.InputMembershipFunctionType = inmfype; opt.OutputMembershipFunctionType = outmfype; inputData = data(:,end-1); outputData = data(:,end); fis = genfis(inputData,outputData,opt);</code>
Subtractive clustering	<code>fis = genfis2(inputData,... outputData,... radii,... xBounds,... options,... userCenters)</code>	<code>opt = genfisOptions('SubtractiveClustering'); opt.ClusterInfluenceRange = radii; opt.DataScale = xBounds; opt.SquashFactor = options(1); opt.AcceptRatio = options(2); opt.RejectRatio = options(3); opt.Verbose = options(4); opt.CustomClusterCenters = userCenters; fis = genfis(inputData,outputData,opt);</code>

Algorithm	Old Syntax	New Syntax
FCM clustering	<pre>fis = genfis3(inputData,... outputData,... type,... cluster_n,... fcmoptions)</pre>	<pre>opt = genfisOptions('FCMClustering'); opt.FISType = type; opt.NumClusters = cluster_n; opt.Exponent = fcmoptions(1); opt.MaxNumIteration = fcmoptions(2); opt.MinImprovement = fcmoptions(3); opt.Verbose = fcmoptions(4); fis = genfis(inputData,outputData,opt);</pre>

The syntaxes in this table assume that you are specifying all the options for each algorithm. Since the initial `genfisOptions` option set contains default algorithm options, you have to specify only nondefault options. For example, create an FIS using FCM clustering with three clusters, leaving all other options at their default values.

```
opt = genfisOptions('FCMClustering');
opt.NumClusters = 3;
fis = genfis(Xin,Xout,opt);
```

anfisOptions Command: Specify options for training adaptive neuro-fuzzy inference systems

To specify options for training adaptive neuro-fuzzy inference systems using the `anfis` command, you now create an `anfisOptions` option set. You can then modify the options using dot notation. Any options you do not modify remain at their default values.

Version History

Previously, to train an adaptive neuro-fuzzy inference system using `anfis`, you specified the training options using optional input arguments.

```
fis = anfis(trnData,initFIS,trnOpt,dispOpt,chkData,optMethod);
```

Starting in R2017a, if your code uses `anfis`, modify the code to use an `anfisOptions` option set.

```
opt = anfisOptions;
opt.InitialFIS = 3;
fis = anfis(trnData,opt);
```

The following table shows the mapping of the old `anfis` input arguments to the new `anfisOptions` option set.

Old <code>anfis</code> Input Argument	New <code>anfisOptions</code> Option
<code>initFIS</code>	<code>InitialFIS</code>
<code>trnOpt(1)</code>	<code>EpochNumber</code>
<code>trnOpt(2)</code>	<code>ErrorGoal</code>
<code>trnOpt(3)</code>	<code>InitialStepSize</code>
<code>trnOpt(4)</code>	<code>StepSizeDecreaseRate</code>
<code>trnOpt(5)</code>	<code>StepSizeIncreaseRate</code>

Old anfis Input Argument	New anfisOptions Option
dispOpt(1)	DisplayANFISInformation
dispOpt(2)	DisplayErrorValues
dispOpt(3)	DisplayStepSize
dispOpt(4)	DisplayFinalResults
chkData	ValidationData
optMethod	OptimizationMethod

gensurfOptions Command: Specify options for generating fuzzy inference system output surfaces

To specify options for generating fuzzy inference system output surfaces using the `gensurf` command, you now create a `gensurfOptions` option set. You can then modify the options using dot notation. Any options you do not modify remain at their default values.

Version History

Previously, to generate an output surface for a fuzzy inference system using `gensurf`, you specified the generation options using optional input arguments.

```
gensurf(fis,inputs,output,grids,refInput,points);
```

Starting in R2017a, if your code uses `gensurf`, modify the code to use a `gensurfOptions` option set.

```
opt = gensurfOptions;
opt.InputIndex = [1 3];
fis = gensurf(fis,opt);
```

The following table shows the mapping of the old `gensurf` input arguments to the new `gensurfOptions` option set.

Old gensurf Input Argument	New gensurfOptions Option
inputs	InputIndex
output	OutputIndex
grids	NumGridPoints
refinput	ReferenceInputs
points	NumSamplePoints

newfis Command: Specify options using Name,Value pairs

To specify options for creating new fuzzy inference systems using the `newfis` command, you now use `Name, Value` pair arguments. Any `Name, Value` pair arguments that you do not specify remain at their default values.

Version History

Previously, you specified options for the `newfis` command using optional input arguments.

```
fis = newfis('My FIS',fisType,andMethod,orMethod,impMethod,aggMethod,defuzzMethod);
```

Starting in R2017a, if your code uses `newfis`, modify the code to use one or more Name, Value pair arguments. For example, create a Mamdani FIS with default options.

```
fis = newfis('My FIS','FISType','mamdani');
```

The following table shows the mapping of the old input arguments to the new Name, Value pair arguments.

Old newfis Input Argument	New Name, Value Argument
fisType	'FISType'
andMethod	'AndMethod'
orMethod	'OrMethod'
impMethod	'ImplicationMethod'
aggMethod	'AggregationMethod'
defuzzMethod	'DefuzzificationMethod'

parsrule Command: Specify options using Name, Value pairs

To specify options for creating new fuzzy inference systems using the `parsrule` command, you now use Name, Value pair arguments. Any Name, Value pair arguments that you do not specify remain at their default values.

Version History

Previously, you specified options for the `parsrule` command using optional input arguments `ruleFormat` and `lang`.

```
outFIS = parsrule(inFIS,ruleList,ruleFormat,lang);
```

Starting in R2017a, if your code uses `newfis`, modify the code to use one or more Name, Value pair arguments. For example, add a list of rules in 'symbolic' format.

```
fis = parsrule(inFIS,ruleList,'Format','symbolic');
```

The following table shows the mapping of the old input arguments to the new Name, Value pair arguments.

Old parsrule Input Argument	New Name, Value Argument
ruleFormat	'Format'
lang	'Language'

showrule Command: Specify options using Name,Value pairs

To specify options for viewing the rules of a fuzzy inference system using the `showrule` command, you now use Name,Value pair arguments. Any Name,Value pair arguments that you do not specify remain at their default values.

Version History

Previously, you specified options for the `showrule` command using optional input arguments `indexList`, `format`, and `lang`.

```
showrule(fis,indexList,format,lang);
```

Starting in R2017a, if your code uses `newfis`, modify the code to use one or more Name,Value pair arguments. For example, view the first fuzzy rule in `fis`.

```
showrule(fis,'RuleIndex',1);
```

The following table shows the mapping of the old input arguments to the new Name,Value pair arguments.

Old showrule Input Argument	New Name,Value Argument
<code>indexList</code>	'RuleIndex'
<code>format</code>	'Format'
<code>lang</code>	'Language'

subclust Command: Specify options using Name,Value pairs

To specify options for subtractive clustering using the `subclust` command, you now use Name,Value pair arguments. Any Name,Value pair arguments that you do not specify remain at their default values.

Version History

Previously, you specified options for the `subclust` command using optional input arguments `xBounds` and `options`.

```
fisOut = subclust(fisIn,radii,xBounds,options);
```

Starting in R2017a, if your code uses `newfis`, modify the code to use one or more Name,Value pair arguments. For example, specify clustering options.

```
fisOut = subclust(fisIn,radii,'Options',options);
```

The following table shows the mapping of the old input arguments to the new Name,Value pair arguments.

Old subclust Input Argument	New Name,Value Argument
<code>xBounds</code>	'DataScale'
<code>options</code>	'Options'

Obtain fuzzy inference system properties using improved getfis command

Several `getfis` syntaxes that previously printed formatted properties to the Command Window and also returned properties now perform a single action.

- `getfis(fis)` now just prints FIS properties to the Command Window.
- `getfis(fis, varType, varIndex)` now just returns variable properties in a structure.
- `getfis(fis, varType, varIndex, 'mf', mfIndex)` now just returns membership function properties in a structure.

Version History

Starting in R2017a, the following `getfis` syntaxes have a new behavior.

Syntax	Previous Behavior	New Behavior
<code>getfis(fis)</code>	Print formatted list of FIS properties to Command Window, and return FIS name.	Print formatted list of FIS properties to Command Window.
<code>getfis(fis, varType, varIndex)</code>	Print formatted list variable properties to Command Window, and return structure that contains variable properties.	Return structure that contains variable properties.
<code>getfis(fis, varType, varIndex, 'mf', mfIndex)</code>	Print formatted list membership function properties to Command Window, and return structure that contains membership function properties.	Return structure that contains membership function properties.

Functionality being removed or changed

Functionality	Result	Use This Instead	Compatibility Considerations
<code>genfis1</code> , <code>genfis2</code> , and <code>genfis3</code> commands	Warns	<code>genfis</code> command	See “Unified <code>genfis</code> Command: Generate fuzzy inference system structures using a single command” on page 11-2.
Specify optional input arguments for the <code>anfis</code> command	Still works	Specify options using <code>anfisOptions</code> command.	See “ <code>anfisOptions</code> Command: Specify options for training adaptive neuro-fuzzy inference systems” on page 11-3.
Specify optional input arguments for the <code>gensurf</code> command	Still works	Specify options using <code>gensurfOptions</code> command.	See “ <code>gensurfOptions</code> Command: Specify options for generating fuzzy inference system output surfaces” on page 11-4.
Specify optional input arguments for <code>newfis</code> command	Still works	Specify options using <code>Name, Value</code> pair arguments.	See “ <code>newfis</code> Command: Specify options using <code>Name, Value</code> pairs” on page 11-4.

Functionality	Result	Use This Instead	Compatibility Considerations
Specify optional input arguments for <code>parsrule</code> command	Still works	Specify options using <code>Name, Value</code> pair arguments.	See “ <code>parsrule</code> Command: Specify options using <code>Name, Value</code> pairs” on page 11-5.
Specify optional input arguments for <code>showrule</code> command	Still works	Specify options using <code>Name, Value</code> pair arguments.	See “ <code>showrule</code> Command: Specify options using <code>Name, Value</code> pairs” on page 11-6.
Specify optional input arguments for <code>subclust</code> command	Still works	Specify options using <code>Name, Value</code> pair arguments.	See “ <code>subclust</code> Command: Specify options using <code>Name, Value</code> pairs” on page 11-6.
<code>getfis</code> command syntaxes that both print and return properties	Still works	Syntaxes now either print or return properties, not both.	See “Obtain fuzzy inference system properties using improved <code>getfis</code> command” on page 11-7.

R2016b

Version: 2.2.24

New Features

Bug Fixes

Standalone Applications for ANFIS Training: Deploy neuro-adaptive fuzzy inference code using MATLAB Compiler

The `anfis` command now supports application deployment using MATLAB Compiler. For more information on building and deploying standalone applications from MATLAB programs, see MATLAB Compiler.

R2016a

Version: 2.2.23

Bug Fixes

R2015b

Version: 2.2.22

Bug Fixes

R2015a

Version: 2.2.21

Bug Fixes

R2014b

Version: 2.2.20

New Features

Bug Fixes

Commands to open Fuzzy Logic Designer and Neuro-Fuzzy Designer renamed

`fuzzy` is renamed to `fuzzyLogicDesigner`. Use this command to open the Fuzzy Logic Designer app.

`anfisedit` is renamed to `neuroFuzzyDesigner`. Use this command to open the Neuro-Fuzzy Designer app.

R2014a

Version: 2.2.19

New Features

Bug Fixes

Example that shows how to use a fuzzy inference system to detect edges in an image

The Fuzzy Logic Image Processing example shows how to use a fuzzy inference system to detect edges in an image.

R2013b

Version: 2.2.18

Bug Fixes

R2013a

Version: 2.2.17

No New Features or Changes

R2012b

Version: 2.2.16

No New Features or Changes

R2012a

Version: 2.2.15

No New Features or Changes

R2011b

Version: 2.2.14

No New Features or Changes

R2011a

Version: 2.2.13

No New Features or Changes

R2010b

Version: 2.2.12

No New Features or Changes

R2010a

Version: 2.2.11

No New Features or Changes

R2009b

Version: 2.2.10

No New Features or Changes

R2009a

Version: 2.2.9

No New Features or Changes

R2008b

Version: 2.2.8

No New Features or Changes

R2008a

Version: 2.2.7

No New Features or Changes

R2007b

Version: 2.2.6

New Features

New Demo

Fuzzy Logic Toolbox software has a new demo Fuzzy C-Means Clustering for Iris Data, which illustrates the use of Fuzzy C-Means clustering for Iris dataset.

R2007a

Version: 2.2.5

No New Features or Changes

R2006b

Version: 2.2.4

No New Features or Changes

R2006a

Version: 2.2.3

No New Features or Changes

R14SP3

Version: 2.2.2

No New Features or Changes

R14SP2

Version: 2.2.1

No New Features or Changes

